HILLRANGE SECONDARY SCHOOL, ENUGU

2022 ENTRANCE EXAMINATION INTO JS ONE (ENGLISH STUDIES)

DURATION: 1 HOUR	NAME	
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INSTRUCTION: There are 80 QUESTIONS on this paper. From the options lettered A - E, CIRCLE very neatly, the letter that contains your desired answer.

PASSAGE 1

Communication with a large audience is referred to as mass communication. Mass communication can be done through the electronic media such as radio and television or by print, like magazines and newspapers. Each of these performs three main functions namely: to inform, to entertain and to educate the audience.

The media can only render services with the appropriate equipment and engineers. The engineers operate the equipment to give the audience clear reception. Also, producers and broadcasters are needed to make, transmit or broadcast programmes from their studios to viewers and listeners. In order to attract more audience, recorded video tapes or interesting local programmes and movies may be bought or borrowed from other broadcasting authorities.

Similarly, the print media require skilled journalists and production staff. The editor must be educated to be able to choose the most important stories sent in by reporters all over, edit and write editorials. He equally responds to comments from readers. The sub-editor, on the other hand, is to prepare the edited stories for printing. Columnists may be employed to analyze events on topical issues for increased readership.

However, to survive, both the electronic and print media depend on paid adverts. Advertisements generate a lot of profit for various media houses.

Questions

- 1. The two main types of mass media according to the passage are
 - A. broadcasting and reporting.
 - B. electronic and print.
 - C. information and entertainment.
 - D. newspapers and magazines.
 - E. radio and television.
- 2. The person who writes editorials in a newspaper is the
 - A. columnist.
 - B. editor.
 - C. journalist.
 - D. reporter.
 - E. receptionist.
- 3. The person responsible for the clear pictures we see on television is the
 - A. broadcaster.

- B. editor.
- C. engineer.
- D. receptionist.
- E. reporter.
- 4. The direct target of the print media is the
 - A. listener.
 - B. reader.
 - C. reporter.
 - D. vendor.
 - E. viewer.
- 5. According to the passage, is the source of income for the mass media.
 - A. advertisement
 - B. broadcasting
 - C. engineering
 - D. programming
 - E. reporting

PASSAGE 2

A right female whale can be as long as 16 meters, about the size of an articulated bus, and weighs up to 80 tons! Its massive body is generally black, sometimes with white patches on the belly. The head is enormous, a quarter of the entire body length. The mouth is long and arched. The right female whale has no dorsal fin as do some other species. To swim forward, it flexes its broad and deeply notched tail up and down, instead of side to side as fish do. To change direction, it moves its flippers similar to the way an airplane is steered.

Curiously, despite their *immense* proportions, right whales have considerable flexibility, performing some

amazing acrobatics. You can see them sailing, the ta raising the tail and slapping the water hard; and breafalling back with a great splash that can be seen fror	aching, thrusting themselves out of water and then
6. The right whale changes direction using its	E. Conjunction.
A. belly.	
B. dorsal fins.	VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT
C. flippers.	Choose the option that best completes the sentence.
D. mouth.	
E. tail.	11. All the athletes are already on the in
	readiness for the race.
7. Which of the following is NOT true about a	A. base
right female whale?	B. court
A. It has a long and arched mouth.	C. field
B. It has considerable flexibility for	D. stadium
performing acrobatics.	E. tracks
C. It has dorsal fin.	
D. It is generally black.	12. Tunde's mother asked him to put his shirt
E. It weighs up to 80 tons.	inside the
	A. wardrope.
8. Give another word for immense as used in	B. wardrop.
the passage.	C. wadrope.
A. Common.	D. wardrobe.
B. Flat.	E. wadrobe.
C. Large.	
D. Small.	13. He the laptop when the teacher was
E. Unusual.	approaching.
	A. off
The right whale uses its to swim.	B. offed
A. body length	C. killed
B. dorsal fin	D. turned down
C. flippers	E. shut down
D. mouth	
E. tail	14. Do you know the country that will the

10. What part of speech is enormous in

paragraph 1?

A. Adjective.

B. Verb.

C. Noun. D. Adverb. A. plan

C. win

E. host

D. anchor

B. participate in

15. Since you do not believe in God, you are are a/an	Choose the one that is the <u>most nearly opposite</u> <u>in meaning</u> to the word or words underlined.
A. atheist.	
B. heathen.	21. The lady is always hostile toward her
C. traditionalist.	mother-in-law.
D. cultist.	A. Wicked
E. devil.	B. Callous
	C. Embarrassed
16. The plane could not land in that airport	D. Grateful
because the had been destroyed.	E. Friendly
A. cockpit	
B. taxi	22. There is scarcity of fuel in the country.
C. runway	A. Availability
D. hanger	B. Presence
E. cabin	C. Abundance
L. Cubiii	D. Deposit
17. We witnessed the of the new priest; it	E. Awareness
was divine.	E. Awdi chess
	23. Your box is similar to the one I saw at the
A. baptism B. coronation	supermarket.
C. conversion	A. Preferable
	B. Better
D. ordination	C. Worse
E. evangelism	D. Chosen
40 The second second Consequence of American	
18. The of the our Local Government Area	E. Different
is quite young.	24 Large that David is an ametaus hover
A. president	24. I agree that David is an <u>amateur</u> boxer.
B. governor	A. Fake
C. commissioner	B. Destined
D. chairman	C. Champion
E. minister	D. Aggressive
	E. Professional
19. After the farmer had all his crops, he	
smiled to the markets to sell them.	25. The girl was <u>reprimanded</u> for her role in the
A. harvested	fire incident.
B. cultivated	A. Blamed
C. weeded	B. Praised
D. planted	C. Hospitalized
E. disinfected	D. Imprisoned
	E. Discouraged
20. When the rain started, our driver had to	
park because the car's were bad.	26. Adamu has been set free; he will be home
A. wipers	any moment.
B. wind shields	A. Exposed
C. headlights	B. Prosecuted
D. break lights	C. Found guilty
E. wheels	D. Captured
	E. Executed

27. Susie saw the <u>strange</u> face outside her window.	33. Which of the following suffixes will go with "coward"?
A. Weird B. Familiar	A. er B. ful
C. Ridiculous	C. Ice
	D. Ise
D. Enemy	E. less
E. Unrecognizable	E. less
28. Paying before the goods are delivered to	34. Which of the following suffixes will go with
you is <u>optional</u> .	"boy"?
A. Mandatory	A. ly
B. Important	B. hood
C. Voluntary	C. ous
D. Prohibited	D. ful
E. Expected	E. ness
29. You are still young, the simplified version of	35. If we want to change the adjective "good"
that novel is just right for you.	into a noun, it will become
A. Unabridged	A. goodly.
B. Childish	B. gooder.
C. Difficult	C. goodness.
D. Complicated	D. godly.
E. Tough	E. goodious.
30. All the students were asked to <u>assemble</u> in	GRAMMAR
the auditorium.	36. The passive form of "He loves apples" is
A. Converge	A. Apples was loved by him.
B. Gather	B. Apple is loved by him.
C. Disperse	C. Apples are loved by him.
D. Unite	D. Apples will be loved by him.
E. Crowd	E. Apples have been loved by him.
31. Which of the following prefixes will go with	
the word "due"?	37. The passive form of "The old man showed
A. mis	her the way" is
B. in	A. The old man has shown her the way.
C. mal	B. The old man shows people the way.
D. sub	C. She has been shown the way by the old
E. pre	man.
	D. She was shown the way by the old man.
32. Which of the following prefixes will go with	E. She will be shown the way by the old man.
"advantage"?	
A. dis	
B. mis	38. The passive form of "The girl has bought a
C. un	new uniform" is
D. in	A. A new uniform has been bought by the
E. re	girl.
마이로이나 뭐 하는 바람들 낚시하면 열면 되었는데 되었다. 그리아 그렇게 되었다는데 아내를 하는데 하는데 하나 되었다. 아니아 아니아 아니아 아니아 아니아 아니아 아니아 아니아 아니아 아니	는 마이지는 물에 있는 마르면 보이 되어 있는 것들을 즐겁게 하는 것이다. 그는 것도 하는 것들은 가지지 않는다. 그렇게 모든 모든 Beth 1924년에 그 모든 12 전략 2024년에 다른 기계를 다 되었다.

B. A new uniform was bought by the girl.	In 44 - 60, choose the one that best fills in the gap
C. A new uniform is bought by the girl.	in the sentence given.
D. A new uniform have been bought by the	
girl.	44. The cross is; carry it.
E. A new uniform is to be bought by the girl.	A. yours
	B. your's
39. Change "I kill ants", said the boy into	C. yours'
indirect speech.	D. you'res
A. The boy said that he kill ants.	E. you're
B. The boy said that he killed ants.	
C. The boy said he will kill ants.	45not allowed to go into the orchard.
D. The boy said that he has killed ants.	A. There
E. The boy said that he would be killing ants.	B. There are
	C. They
40. Change "We come here everyday", said the	D. They're
twins into indirect speech.	E. The're
A. The twins said that they came there	
everyday.	46. You visited the Holy Land last year,?
B. The twins said that they go there	A. did you
everyday.	B. isn't it
C. The twins said that they come there	C. do you
always.	D. didn't you
D. The twins said that they came here	E. is it
everyday.	
E. The twins said that they will come there	47. Adam doesn't really have to be so mean to
everyday.	Ann?
	A. do they
41. Which of the following expressions is wrong?	B. should he
A. Liverpool will win the match.	C. shouldn't he
B. Liverpool has beaten Chelsea.	D. does he
C. Liverpool will beat Chelsea.	E. did he
D. Liverpool won Chelsea.	
E. Liverpool beat Chelsea.	48. The apple is ours, Mary gave it to you and
2. 2. 3. 5. P. 3. 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	A. them.
42. Which of the following expressions is wrong?	B. I.
A. My father bought for me a phone.	C. they.
B. My father buys me phones.	D. him.
C. My father bought me a phone.	E. me.
D. My father will buy me a phone.	
E. My father bought a phone for me.	49. Everyone of them guilty as charged.
E. My father bought a phone for me.	A. are
43. Which of the following expressions is wrong?	B. were
A. I left because of he told me to go.	C. is
B. I left because he told me to leave.	D. am
C. I left because he told me to leave.	E. have been
나는 사람들이 하면 하게 하면 하면 하면 하면 하면 하면 사람들이 되는 것이 되었다.	E. Have been
D. I left because I wanted to.	
E. I left because I didn't want to offend him.	

50. If they are innocent, let them provide the	SPELLING:
proof	Choose the option with the correct spelling of the
A. themself.	intended word.
B. theirself.	Intended word.
C. theyself.	56. We were served at the party.
D. themseves.	
E. thereself.	A. champagne B. champain
51. Of all the boys in JS 1A, Ahmed is the	C. champaign
one.	D. champaine
A. smarting	E. champaigne
B. smart	EZ The houses instructed to wood the field
C. smarter	57. The boy was instructed to weed the field
D. smartest	with a
E. more smarter	A. machette
	B. machete
52. That chair is not strong; it is made	C. machet
poor quality wood.	D. machett
A. from	E. macheat
B. of	
C. in	58 lived millions of years ago.
D. by	A. Dinosaurs
E. on	B. Dinosors
	C. Dinausors
53. The fireman raced the ladder to save	D. Dynosors
the child.	E. Dynosaurs
A. on	l the
B. unto	59. The always moves around with its
C. up	shell.
D. upon	A. totoise
E. across	B. tortoise
	C. turtoise
54. That is an exception the rule.	D. tourtoise
A. on	E. tourtise
B. with	
C. for	60. They were all that the less popular
D. of	team won.
E. to	A. suprised
	B. surprized
55. Mr James is an authority snakes.	C. suprized
A. with	D. surprised
B. on	E. Soprised
C. by	
D. in	
E. For	
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66. <u>Sh</u>ake **PHONICS** Choose the option that has the word which A. Cash contains the same sound as that of the letter(s) B. Has underlined in the given word. Example: C. Catch D. Chase Boat 1 E. Chew A. Hot B. Other 67. <u>W</u>ater C. Poor A. Sword D. Flower B. Two E. Go C. Owl The answer is E because the 'o' in 'go' has the same D. Now sound as 'oa' in 'boat'. E. Sweet 61. Browse 68. <u>G</u>reet A. Low A. Wage B. Show B. Bridge C. Owe C. Knowledge D. Wrote D. Brag E. How E. Generous 62. P<u>ie</u> 69. Think A. Fiend A. These B. Piece B. Thirst C. Hide C. There D. Thief D. Thine E. Thou 63. Make A. Mark 70. <u>K</u>ettle B. Sat A. Knock C. Say B. Know D. After C. Knight E. Above D. Chef E. Knit 64. Door A. Flour **LITERATURE** B. Moth C. Hut 71. Which of these is not a figure of speech? D. More A. Paradox E. Coo B. Simile C. Irony 65. <u>Ea</u>t D. Drama A. Pear E. Metaphor B. Ear C. Heart 72. "When will Williams wash Wale's wears?" is D. Peace an example of E. Bare A. simile

B. metaphor

- C. alliteration
- D. interrogation
- E. irony
- 73. Poems are better appreciated when
 - A. read aloud
 - B. acted on stage
 - C. published in magazines
 - D. read on stage
 - E. money is made from them
- 74. Which of these words rhymes with "great"?
 - A. Beat
 - B. Sweat
 - C. Rate
 - D. Brat
 - E. Greet
- 75. Which of these words rhymes with "lamb"?
 - A. slab
 - B. Ram
 - C. Dumb
 - D. Tomb
 - E. Womb

WRITING

- 76. Which of these sentences is punctuated correctly?
 - A. What is your best food.
 - B. Show me your new pair of shoes?
 - C. You passed didn't you?
 - D. I hope he is alright?

- E. He smiled, didn't he?
- 77. Which of these is true when writing proper nouns?
 - A. They always begin with capital letters.
 - B. They sometimes begin with capital letters.
 - C. They never begin with capital letters.
 - D. They only begin sentences.
 - E. They only come at the middle of sentences.
- 78. The pronoun "I" is
 - A. always followed by a comma.
 - B. always accompanied by a full-stop.
 - C. always capitalized.
 - D. always written in lower case.
 - E. always used within words.
- 79. The apostrophe (') is used to show
 - A. possession.
 - B. nouns.
 - C. tense.
 - D. direct speech.
 - E. indirect speech.
- 80. Inverted commas, also called speech marks
- (" ") are used in
 - A. direct speech.
 - B. active voice.
 - C. passive voice.
 - D. indirect speech.
 - E. negative statements.